LAKE CHARLES SMSA
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Oct. 1982*	Sept. 1982**	Oct. 1981**	Net Change from Sept. 1982	Net Change from Oct. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	63.7	63.7	71.7	0	- 8.0
Nonmanufacturing	53.0	52.9	58.4	+ 0.1	- 5.4
Mining	2.2	2.3	2.5	- 0.1	- 0.3
Construction	5.5	5.6	10.6	- 0.1	- 5.1
Manufacturing	10.7	10.8	13.3	- 0.1	- 2.6
Durable Goods	1.1	1.1	1.5	0	- 0.4
Lumber & Wood Products	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0
Stone, Clay & Glass Prod.	0.4	0.4	0.3	0	+ 0.1
Other Durables	0.6	0.6	1.1	0	- 0.5
Nondurable Goods	9.6	9.7	11.8	- 0.1	- 2.2
Food & Kindred Products	0.5	0.5	0.4	0	+ 0.1
Chemical & Pet Prod.	8.6	8.7	10.9	- 0.1	- 2.3
Other Nondurables	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0
Transportation & Public Util.	4.9	4.8	4.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.4
Wholesale & Retail Trade	15.5	15.5	15.3	0	+ 0.2
Wholesale Trade	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0
Retail Trade	12.0	12.0	11.8	0	+ 0.2
Gen. Merchandise	2.1	2.1	2.4	0	- 0.3
Retail Automotive	1.4	1.4	1.5	0	- 0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	3.4	3.4	3.3	0	+ 0.1
Finance, Ins. & Real Estate	3.0	2.8	3.0	+ 0.2	0
Services	11.0	10.9	11.1	+ 0.1	- 0.1
Hotels & Other Lodg. Places	0.7	0.7	0.7	0	0
Personal Services	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0
Government	10.9	11.0	11.4	- 0.1	- 0.5

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS
LAKE CHARLES SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment remained unchanged from September but changes did ocurr in the two major sub-groups. Nonmanufacturing increased by 100 while manufacturing decreased by 100. The current nonagriculture employment total falls, unhappily, 8,000 below the October 1981 level. During that twelve month period nonfactory employment fell 5,400 while factory employment fell by 2,600.

Nonfactory employment, currently estimated at 53,000 fell 100 below the mid-September level. Losses in Mining, Construction and Government totaling 300 were overcome by gains in Transportation, & Public Utilities, Fianance, Insurance, & Real Estate, and Services totaling 400. During the twelve month period from October 1981 losses occurred in all nonfactory industry segments except Transportation & Public Utilities and Trade.

Factory employment fell by 100 in October to the current estimate of 10,700. This loss occurred in Chemical & Petroleum Products. Over the year losses totaling 2,600 occurred chiefly in Chemical & Petroleum Products.

Little change is expected in employment during the next 30 days and unemployment may continue to edge upward due to seasonal influences.

MONROE SMSA
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Oct. 1982*	Sept. 1982**	Oct. 1981**	Net Change from Sept. 1982	Net Change from Oct. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	49.0	49.6	50.2	- 0.6	- 1.2
Manufacturing	6.4	6.6	7.8	- 0.2	- 1.4
Durable Goods	2.3	2.3	2.3	0	0
Lumber & Wood Products	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	0
Other Durable Goods	2.1	2.1	2.1	0	0
Nondurable Goods	4.1	4.3	5.5	- 0.2	- 1.4
Food & Kindred Products	0.7	0.7	0.8	0	- 0.1
Chem. & Allied Products	0.8	0.8	0.9	0	- 0.1
Other Nondurable Goods	2.6	2.8	3.8	- 0.2	- 1.2
Nonmanufacturing	42.6	43.0	42.4	- 0.4	+ 0.2
Mining	0.6	0.6	0.7	0	- 0.1
Construction	3.6	3.5	3.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Transportation & Public Utilities	2.5	2.5	2.5	0	0
Wholesale & Retail Trade	12.5	12.6	13.3	- 0.1	- 0.8
Wholesale Trade	3.7	3.8	4.0	- 0.1	- 0.3
Retail Trade	8.8	8.8	9.3	0	- 0.5
Gen. Mdse. App. & Access.	2.4	2.4	2.7	0	- 0.3
Auto Dealers & Serv. Sta.	1.2	1.2	1.2	0	0
Eating & Drinking Places	2.6	2.6	2.6	0	0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.9	3.9	3.9	0	0
Services	9.0	9.2	8.9	- 0.2	+ 0.1
Hotels & Lodging Places	0.6	0.7	0.6	- 0.1	0
Personal Services	0.5	0.5	0.4	0	+ 0.1
Health Services	3.8	3.7	3.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Government	10.5	10.7	9.7	- 0.2	+ 0.8

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to an estimated 49,000 during mid-October. This was a loss of 600 from last month.

Manufacturing was down by 200. All loss was in non-durable goods.

Nonmanufacturing experienced a loss of 400. The only gain was an estimated 100 in construction. Wholesale and retail trade was down by 100. Services and government each had estimated losses of 200. All other segments were unchanged.

The upcoming holiday season should keep employment near the present level. Unemployment is expected to remain high.

NEW ORLEANS SMSA
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Oct. 1982*	Sept. 1982**	Oct. 1981**	Net Change from Sept. 1982	Net Change from Oct. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	508.1	508.2	521.1	-0.1	-13.0
Manufacturing	47.0	47.2	53.0	-0.2	-6.0
Durable Goods	28.2	28.4	33.9	-0.2	-5.7
Lumber & Wood Products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	2.6	2.6	3.0	0	-0.4
Fabricated Metal Products	3.7	3.7	4.2	0	-0.5
Machinery, Except Electrical	3.9	3.9	4.2	0	-0.3
Transportation Equipment	15.4	15.0	18.4	+0.4	-3.0
Ship and Boatbuilding & Repairing	11.5	11.1	15.0	+0.4	-3.5
Other Durable Goods	2.1	2.7	3.6	-0.6	-1.5
Nondurable Goods	18.8	18.8	19.1	0	-0.3
Food & Kindred Products	8.1	8.1	8.2	0	-0.1
Apparel & Other Textile Products	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0
Paper & Allied Products	1.3	1.3	1.3	0	0
Printing & Publishing	3.0	3.0	3.2	0	-0.2
Chemicals & Allied Products	2.2	2.2	2.2	0	0
Petroleum & Coal Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0
Other Nondurable Goods	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	0
Nonmanufacturing	461.1	461.0	468.1	+0.1	-7.0
Mining	21.5	21.5	20.9	0	+0.6
Construction	29.9	30.3	30.3	-0.4	-0.4
Transportation and Public Utilities	53.2	54.1	55.9	-0.9	-2.7
Railroad Transportation	2.2	2.2	2.5	0	-0.3
Water Transportation	21.2	22.0	22.9	-0.8	-1.7
Trade	127.9	128.4	131.5	-0.5	-3.6
Wholesale Trade	37.5	37.8	38.8	-0.3	-1.3
Retail Trade	90.4	90.6	92.7	-0.2	-2.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	30.8	30.9	31.2	-0.1	-0.4
Services	115.6	114.9	116.5	+0.7	-0.9
Government	82.2	80.9	81.8	+1.3	+0.4
Federal	15.0	15.0	15.2	0	-0.2
State	21.9	21.8	21.8	+0.1	+0.1
Local	45.3	44.1	44.8	+1.2	+0.5

NEW ORLEANS SMSA
Average Hours and Earnings in Manufacturing Industries

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**
ALL MANUFACTURING	$361.92	$348.94	$357.93	39.0	37.2	41.0	$9.28	$9.38	$8.73
Durable Goods	391.38	372.48	398.23	40.1	37.7	42.5	9.76	9.88	9.37
Stone, Clay, & Glass Pdts.	398.00	359.16	309.60	45.8	40.4	40.0	8.69	8.89	7.74
Fabricated Metal Products	433.44	412.93	401.70	42.0	38.7	41.8	10.32	10.67	9.61
Ship & Boatbuilding and Repairing	365.59	357.34	415.33	39.1	38.3	44.9	9.35	9.33	9.25
Nondurable Goods	310.43	306.98	277.78	37.0	36.2	38.0	8.39	8.48	7.31
Food & Kindred Products	260.45	253.55	251.80	38.7	36.8	39.1	6.73	6.89	6.44
Apparel & Other Textile Pdts.	117.02	120.25	123.82	27.6	27.9	30.2	4.24	4.31	4.10
Paper & Allied Products	326.70	319.61	256.19	42.1	38.6	37.4	7.76	8.28	6.85
Printing & Publishing	302.59	308.10	298.94	38.4	39.5	43.2	7.88	7.80	6.92
Chemicals & Allied Pdts.	570.65	565.28	482.65	35.8	35.8	39.4	15.94	15.79	12.25

Data in the average earnings table are for approximately 32,700 production workers and are computed on a "gross" basis and reflect overtime, late shift work, and incentive rates.

New Orleans SMSA
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the New Orleans SMSA in October tapered off to 508,100, showing a slight overall reduction of 100 since September. In manufacturing, a gain in ship and boatbuilding and repairing was offset by a decrease in other durable goods. In nonmanufacturing, seasonal upturns in educational services barely offset decreases in many other industries.

In October, manufacturing employment totaled 47,000, 200 less than last month. The other durable goods segment suffered the layoff of 600 workers as economic conditions and decreased demand for the products continue to plaque it. An increase of 400 in ship and boatbuilding and repairing helped to offset the loss in the other durable goods segment. Other manufacturing industries held steady during the month. Manufacturing employment has decreased by 6,000 compared to one year ago.

Nonmanufacturing eked out only a small total gain of 100 despite seasonal upturns in schools. Both public and private educational services added workers as the autumn semester moved along, bringing overall gains to services and government. Less favorable were the decreases in other industry divisions. Water transportation moved down to the lowest level in two years. Construction reduced employment by special trade contractors and heavy construction. Trade effected layoffs in both the wholesale and retail sectors. In wholesale trade, a sizeable decrease in durable goods was partly offset by a small increase in nondurable goods. Retail trade was lowered by employment retrenchments by food stores and automotive dealers and service stations. Finance and insurance displayed cutbacks in each major segment. Mining held steady as the petroleum industry took advantage of the remaining good weather before winter.

Average weekly earnings totaled $361.92 for area factory workers, $12.98 above the September average. Although average hourly earnings dropped ten cents, average weekly hours increased one hour and 48 minutes. Compared to one year ago, average weekly earnings are up $3.99.

Estimated unemployment in October moved down to 50,100, a level of 2,600 below September. A decrease in the number of entrants and reentrants into the labor force accounted for much of the change. Joblessness presently represents 9.8 percent (not seasonally adjusted) of the labor force compared to 10.3 percent (revised) in September and 7.7 percent in October of last year. Recipients of regular unemployment insurance numbered 15,265. Approximately 44 percent of the claimants were nonwhite; about 27 percent were female.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the coming months will benefit from normal seasonal changes. Retail trade will be favored by shopping for the holiday season although gains may be braked by the effects of the area's economic problems. Services will be boosted by the opening of the Fair Grounds racing season. Less favorably, construction and mining will make downward adjustments necessitated by less favorable weather conditions. Unemployment will hopefully show some seasonal decrease.

SHREVEPORT SMSA
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Oct. 1982*	Sept. 1982**	Oct. 1981**	Net Change from Sept. 1982	Net Change from Oct. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	146.9	147.8	152.7	- 0.9	- 5.8
Manufacturing	25.2	25.3	29.0	- 0.1	- 3.8
Durable Goods	19.2	19.3	23.0	- 0.1	- 3.8
Lumber & Wood Products	1.1	1.2	1.1	- 0.1	0
Metals and Machinery	13.3	13.4	17.0	- 0.1	- 3.7
Primary and Fabricated Metals	3.8	3.9	5.4	- 0.1	- 1.6
Machinery, Inc. Electrical	9.5	9.5	11.6	0	- 2.1
Other Durable Goods	4.8	4.7	4.9	+ 0.1	- 0.1
Nondurable Goods	6.0	6.0	6.0	0	0
Food & Kindred Products	1.9	1.9	1.9	0	0
Printing & Publishing	1.4	1.4	1.4	0	0
Petroleum & Coal Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0	0
Other Nondurable Goods	1.8	1.8	1.8	0	0
Nonmanufacturing	121.7	122.5	123.7	- 0.8	- 2.0
Mining	6.2	6.1	8.5	+ 0.1	- 2.3
Construction	7.9	8.2	8.1	- 0.3	- 0.2
Transportation and Public Utilities	9.1	9.1	9.1	0	0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	33.5	34.2	35.4	- 0.7	- 1.9
Wholesale Trade	8.7	9.2	10.5	- 0.5	- 1.8
Retail Trade	24.8	25.0	24.9	- 0.2	- 0.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	7.2	7.2	7.1	0	+ 0.1
Services	31.6	32.2	29.7	- 0.6	+ 1.9
Government	26.2	25.5	25.8	+ 0.7	+ 0.4

SHREVEPORT SMSA
Average Hours and Earnings in Manufacturing Industries

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**	Oct. '82*	Sept. '82**	Oct. '81**
MANUFACTURING, TOTAL	$328.94	$353.51	$336.88	39.3	39.9	41.9	$8.37	$8.86	$8.04
Lumber and Wood Products	203.46	226.55	216.50	37.4	39.4	38.8	5.44	5.75	5.58
Metals and Machinery	383.76	417.49	372.19	39.0	41.5	41.4	9.84	10.06	8.99
Food and Kindred Products	211.33	215.77	227.24	40.1	38.6	36.3	5.27	5.59	6.26
Printing and Publishing	255.26	244.58	225.79	35.7	34.4	36.3	7.15	7.11	6.22
Petroleum and Coal Products	506.57	506.57	432.84	47.7	47.7	45.9	10.62	10.62	9.43

Data in the average earnings table are for approximetely 18,800 production workers and are computed on a "gross" basis and reflect overtime, late shift work, and incentive rates.

Shreveport SMSA

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS

The Shreveport SMSA has a total of 146,900 in nonagricultural employment, down 900 from last month and 5,800 below the October 1981 estimate. Total manufacturing, at 25,200, is 100 less than was estimated in September, while the non-manufacturing employment total declined to 121,700, down from a revised September estimate of 122,500.

Total manufacturing employment continues the downward trend from 25,300 last month to 25,200 for October, down 3,800 from October 1981. This loss has occurred in manufacturing of durable goods. The nondurable goods employment total remains unchanged from last month and the year ago estimate.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 121,700, is 800 less than last month and 2,000 lower than the October 1981 figure. Most of the decline in nonmanufacturing employment occurred in mining and trade. The reduced production of crude petroleum and natural gas caused a decline in mining from 8,500 one year ago to 6,200 this month. Over the past year total trade employment dropped from 35,400 to 33,500. Employment gains during the past twelve months occurred in the services segment of nonmanufacturing, and government shows a slight gain. Most of the increase in the services segment resulted from a growth in business services establishments and in health services, with the growth of new and expanding medical facilities.

The average weekly earnings of 18,800 production workers in manufacturing decreased from $353.51 in September to $328.94 in October and down from $336.88 one year ago. Average weekly hours, at 39.3, are 0.6 hours less than the previous month and 2.6 hours less than October 1981. The average hourly earnings dropped $0.49 below the September average and $0.33 more than one year ago.

The Shreveport SMSA has an employment estimate of 145,100 for October, down from the revised September estimate of 145,800 and 6,700 less than the same month last year. The unemployment total of 17,000 is 10.5 percent of the total labor force. This compares with a 10.4 percent unemployment rate for the nation and a 10.9 percent for the state.

Unemployment in this area is expected to increase through December. In addition to the scheduled layoff in manufacturing, adverse weather conditions will reduce construction, logging and other outdoor activities. This expected employment reduction will likely exceed the gain anticipated in retail trade during the holiday season.

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LOUISIANA

JOB SERVICE

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION

LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Ulysses Williams, Secretary

BATON ROUGE
P.O. BOX 44094

November, 1982

RELEASE DATE:
December 27, 1982

LOUISIANA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(in thousands)	PRELIMINARY NOVEMBER 1982				REVISED OCTOBER 1982				REVISED NOVEMBER 1981			
	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate
LOUISIANA	1,877.2	1,676.2	201.0	10.7	1,920.8	1,704.7	216.1	11.2	1,872.0	1,716.8	155.2	8.3
LABOR MARKET AREAS:												
Alexandria 1/	73.7	65.9	7.8	10.5	75.7	67.2	8.5	11.2	72.9	65.7	7.2	9.9
Baton Rouge 2/	229.8	208.3	21.5	9.4	232.1	208.6	23.5	10.1	229.7	212.5	17.2	7.5
Lafayette 3/	100.0	93.6	6.4	6.4	100.8	94.2	6.6	6.6	94.4	90.5	3.9	4.2
Lake Charles 4/	76.0	65.2	10.8	14.2	78.2	66.5	11.7	15.0	82.5	75.0	7.5	9.1
Monroe 5/	55.4	48.6	6.8	12.3	56.1	49.0	7.1	12.6	56.4	50.6	5.8	10.2
New Orleans 6/	505.2	456.3	48.9	9.7	512.7	459.9	52.8	10.3	516.6	474.1	42.5	8.2
Shreveport 7/	159.8	142.2	17.6	11.0	162.2	144.7	17.5	10.8	163.1	150.3	12.8	7.8

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS

Total nonagricultural employment in Louisiana during November stood at 1,613,600, a drop of 100 workers from last month and 36,900 below the comparable figure a year ago. A downturn in several nonmanufacturing segments, including mining, construction, transportation and public utilities, finance, insurance and real estate, and services, accounted for the lower November total for nonagricultural employment. An increase in nondurable goods payrolls was responsible for the higher employment level in manufacturing.

1/ Included Avoyelles, Grant, & Rapides parishes. 2/ Includes Ascension, East Baton Rouge, Livingston, and West Baton Rouge parishes. 3/ Lafayette Parish only. 4/ Calcasieu Parish only. 5/ Ouachita Parish only. 6/Includes Jefferson, Orleans, St. Bernard, and St. Tammany parishes. 7/ Includes Bossier, Caddo, and Webster parishes.

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Estimated employment in the durable goods segment of manufacturing fell by 200 workers in the October to November reporting period. A decrease in lumber and wood products employment resulted from cutbacks in the production of millwork, veneer, plywood, wood buildings and mobile homes, and certain miscellaneous wood products. An upturn in demand for structural clay products, concrete, gypsum, plaster products, abrasive and asbestos products, and certain miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products accounted for the increase in stone, clay and glass products employment. Declining activity at blast furnaces, steel works, rolling and finishing mills, iron and steel foundries, and establishments that smelt and refine nonferrous metals was responsible for the lower employment level in primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products employment was down as a slowdown occurred in the production of fabricated structural metal products. Less business for firms that manufacture engines and turbines and construction, mining and materials handling equipment was responsible for payroll cutbacks in the machinery, except electrical, industry. Transportation equipment employment was up this month due to payroll additions in the ship and boat building and repairing segment.

The estimated level of nondurable goods employment for November was 106,200, up by 1,300 from October. Much of the increase occurred in food and kindred products due to a seasonal increase in sugar cane processing. The settlement of a labor dispute in the paper and allied products industry was also largely responsible for this month's upturn. Employment in the apparel and other textile products industry and in printing and publishing was also higher for the current month. Payrolls in the chemicals and allied products industry were lower for November.

Louisiana's employment in nonmanufacturing industries during November was 1,415,600, down by 1,200 from October and 14,700 lower than November a year ago. Mining employment fell largely as a result of a decrease in the production of crude petroleum and natural gas. Construction employment was down for the current month as a result of decreased activity in general building construction. Port activity decreased during November, which was largely responsible for the decline in transportatin and public utilities employment. Trade employment moved up due mostly to increased hiring in general merchandise, apparel and accessories establishments for the holiday season. Seasonal cutbacks at one of Louisiana's racetracks contributed significantly to the decline in services employment. Payroll additions in local government were most instrumental in the upturn of government employment for November.

Average weekly earnings of Louisiana's 143,600 production workers in manufacturing increased from $380.69 in October to $386.10 in November, an increase of $5.41 and an increase of $6.34 above the comparable period a year ago. Average hourly earnings were three cents lower in November than last month and $0.71 more than November of last year. Weekly hours averaged 40.9 for the current month, up by 0.7 from 40.2 in October. Average weekly earnings in mining were up by $36.87 from the October level of $461.47.

Estimated total unemployment during November amounted to 201,000, a decrease of 15,100 from the October level of 216,100. The unemployment rate for November was 10.7 percent, a decrease of 0.5 percent from last month's rate of 11.2 percent and 2.4 percent higher than November of last year. The comparable national unemployment rate for November was 10.4 percent compared to 9.9 percent in October and 7.9 percent in November of last year. Louisiana's civilian labor force fell from 1,920,800 in October to 1,877,200 in November, a decrease of 43,600. Total employment decreased from 1,704,700 last month to 1,676,200 in November.

Louisiana's unemployment rate should decline slightly next month. Retail trade employment is expected to continue its upturn next month due to the holiday season and the service industries are expected to increase. Manufacturing employment is expected to decrease.

LOUISIANA
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Nov. 1982*	Oct. 1982**	Nov. 1981**	Net Change from Oct. 1982	Net Change from Nov. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	1,613.6	1,613.7	1,650.5	-0.1	-36.9
MINING AND QUARRYING	96.5	97.2	99.6	-0.7	-3.1
Oil & Gas Extraction	93.0	93.6	95.8	-0.6	-2.8
Nonmetallic Minerals	3.5	3.6	3.8	-0.1	-0.3
CONSTRUCTION	129.3	130.3	141.3	-1.0	-12.0
MANUFACTURING	198.0	196.9	220.2	+1.1	-22.2
Durable Goods	91.8	92.0	106.4	-0.2	-14.6
Lumber & Wood Products	12.0	12.1	11.9	-0.1	+0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	0.9	0.9	0.9	0	0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	7.8	7.6	8.3	+0.2	-0.5
Primary Metal Industries	4.8	4.9	7.4	-0.1	-2.6
Fabricated Metal Products	16.8	17.0	18.9	-0.2	-2.1
Machinery, Except Electrical	14.2	14.4	16.2	-0.2	-2.0
Electric & Electronic Equipment	9.4	9.4	11.3	0	-1.9
Transportation Equipment	23.4	23.2	28.8	+0.2	-5.4
Other Durable Goods (1)	2.5	2.5	2.7	0	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	106.2	104.9	113.8	+1.3	-7.6
Food & Kindred Products	28.9	28.3	29.0	+0.6	-0.1
Apparel & Other Textile Products	8.8	8.6	9.7	+0.2	-0.9
Paper & Allied Products	10.9	10.2	12.3	+0.7	-1.4
Printing & Publishing	9.3	9.2	9.6	+0.1	-0.3
Chemicals & Allied Products	29.7	30.0	32.4	-0.3	-2.7
Petroleum & Coal Products	14.4	14.4	16.4	0	-2.0
Petroleum Refining	13.4	13.4	15.4	0	-2.0
Other Nondurable Goods (2)	4.2	4.2	4.4	0	-0.2
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	129.0	129.8	132.8	-0.8	-3.8
Railroad Transportation	8.4	8.4	9.5	0	-1.1
Transportation, ex. Railroads	78.3	79.0	81.8	-0.7	-3.5
Communications & Public Utilities	42.3	42.4	41.5	-0.1	+0.8
WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE	370.0	369.0	377.6	+1.0	-7.6
Wholesale Trade	102.0	102.3	107.0	-0.3	-5.0
Retail Trade	268.0	266.7	270.6	+1.3	-2.6
Gen. Merchandise, Apparel & Acc.	60.7	59.5	61.1	+1.2	-0.4
Food Stores	48.1	48.2	48.6	-0.1	-0.5
Auto Dealers & Service Stations	31.2	31.3	32.3	-0.1	-1.1
Eating & Drinking Places	77.6	77.6	77.3	0	+0.3
Other Retail Trade	50.4	50.1	51.3	+0.3	-0.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	75.8	76.2	75.0	-0.4	+0.8
Banking	26.0	26.1	25.7	-0.1	+0.3
SERVICES	297.3	297.7	293.8	-0.4	+3.5
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	21.3	21.4	21.3	-0.1	0
Other Services	276.0	276.3	272.5	-0.3	+3.5
GOVERNMENT	317.7	316.6	310.2	+1.1	+7.5
Federal	34.3	34.2	33.8	+0.1	+0.5
State and Local	283.4	282.4	276.4	+1.0	+7.0
State	101.1	100.9	98.0	+0.2	+3.1
Local	182.3	181.5	178.4	+0.8	+3.9

*Preliminary ** Revised
(1) Includes professional equipment and misc. manufacturing industries
(2) Includes Leather, Rubber and Textile products.

All estimates of Nonagricultural wage and salaried workers in this publication prepared in cooperation with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and include all full time and part time workers who were employed during the pay period including the 12th of the month.

LOUISIANA EMPLOYMENT SITUATION BY LABOR MARKET AREA

See note below	PRELIMINARY NOVEMBER 1982				REVISED OCTOBER 1982			
	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate
Crowley (Acadia)	23,750	20,875	2,875	12.1	24,975	21,750	3,225	12.9
Oakdale (Allen)	6,000	4,525	1,475	24.5	6,400	4,750	1,650	25.8
Napoleonville (Assumption)	12,400	10,750	1,650	13.4	13,000	11,150	1,850	14.2
DeRidder (Beauregard)	10,925	9,425	1,500	13.6	11,125	9,475	1,650	14.8
Arcadia (Bienville)	7,925	7,050	875	10.9	8,050	7,125	925	11.6
Columbia (Caldwell)	4,625	4,150	475	10.3	4,925	4,275	650	13.3
Cameron (Cameron)	4,925	4,525	400	8.1	4,975	4,575	400	8.1
Jonesville (Catahoula)	6,100	5,425	675	11.0	6,400	5,700	700	10.9
Homer (Claiborne)	7,350	6,650	700	9.6	7,600	6,800	800	10.6
Ferriday (Concordia)	9,025	7,700	1,325	14.8	9,550	7,950	1,600	16.6
Mansfield (DeSoto)	14,700	13,225	1,475	10.0	16,150	14,475	1,675	10.4
Lake Providence(E.Carroll)	3,775	3,150	625	16.6	4,350	3,600	750	17.2
Clinton (East Feliciana)	7,275	6,600	675	9.4	7,525	6,725	800	10.6
Ville Platte (Evangeline)	13,425	11,350	2,075	15.5	14,100	11,900	2,200	15.6
Winnsboro (Franklin)	9,075	7,350	1,725	18.9	9,900	7,975	1,925	19.4
New Iberia (Iberia)	43,700	39,000	4,700	10.8	45,225	40,200	5,025	11.1
Plaquemine (Iberville)	17,075	14,925	2,150	12.6	17,575	15,250	2,325	13.3
Jonesboro (Jackson)	6,050	5,475	575	9.6	6,275	5,625	650	10.4
Jennings (Jefferson Davis)	14,325	12,225	2,100	14.6	15,175	12,900	2,275	14.9
Thibodaux (Lafourche)	41,950	37,775	4,175	10.0	42,875	38,475	4,400	10.2
Jena (LaSalle)	5,925	5,275	650	11.0	6,025	5,325	700	11.5
Ruston (Lincoln)	19,225	18,200	1,025	5.4	19,725	18,750	975	5.0
Tallulah (Madison)	4,925	4,250	675	13.6	5,400	4,625	775	14.2
Bastrop (Morehouse)	11,700	10,075	1,625	13.8	12,250	10,525	1,725	14.1
Natchitoches(Natchitoches)	17,100	15,500	1,600	9.3	17,400	15,775	1,625	9.4
Point-a-la-Hache(Plaqum.)	15,675	14,600	1,075	6.8	16,000	14,925	1,075	6.7
New Roads (Pointe Coupee)	13,500	12,075	1,425	10.6	14,050	12,350	1,700	12.1
Coushatta (Red River)	3,475	3,075	400	11.8	4,100	3,675	425	10.3
Rayville (Richland)	7,925	6,775	1,150	14.4	8,450	7,050	1,400	16.5
Many (Sabine)	7,500	6,450	1,050	13.9	7,825	6,625	1,200	15.3
Norco (St. Charles)	24,375	22,550	1,825	7.5	24,900	22,725	2,175	8.8
Greensburg (St. Helena)	3,950	3,450	500	12.4	4,150	3,600	550	13.3
Lutcher (St. James)	8,075	6,925	1,150	14.2	8,550	7,200	1,350	15.8
Reserve (St. John)	17,025	15,000	2,025	11.9	17,600	15,325	2,275	12.9
Opelousas (St. Landry)	35,625	30,025	5,600	15.7	37,050	31,175	5,875	15.8
St. Martinville(St.Martin)	19,075	16,625	2,450	12.9	19,600	17,000	2,600	13.3
Morgan City (St. Mary)	39,300	34,275	5,025	12.8	39,625	34,575	5,050	12.7
Hammond (Tangipahoa)	33,450	27,950	5,500	16.5	34,425	28,750	5,675	16.5
St. Joseph (Tensas)	2,700	2,400	300	11.2	3,175	2,825	350	10.7
Houma (Terrebonne)	51,225	46,425	4,800	9.4	52,225	46,950	5,275	10.1
Farmerville (Union)	6,800	5,950	850	12.4	7,000	6,075	925	13.2
Abbeville (Vermilion)	26,175	23,825	2,350	8.9	27,350	24,700	2,650	9.7
Leesville (Vernon)	10,225	8,925	1,300	12.8	10,625	9,050	1,575	14.8
Bogalusa (Washington)	14,600	11,925	2,675	18.4	15,225	12,275	2,950	19.4
Oak Grove (West Carroll)	4,325	3,550	775	18.0	4,650	3,875	775	16.7
St.Francisville(W.Felic.)	3,500	3,125	375	10.9	3,650	3,175	475	12.8
Winnfield (Winn)	5,550	4,750	800	14.2	5,825	5,025	800	13.8

Note: Labor Market Areas are designated by name of principal Town, but include all of parish in parenthesis.

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS IN MANUFACTURING AND SELECTED NONMANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES IN LOUISIANA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**
ALL MANUFACTURING (1)	$386.10	$380.69	$379.76	40.9	40.2	43.5	$9.44	$9.47	$8.73
Durable Goods	359.90	354.38	360.71	39.9	38.9	41.7	9.02	9.11	8.65
Lumber & Wood Products	274.91	275.22	257.74	42.1	41.2	43.1	6.53	6.68	5.98
Stone, Clay, & Glass Pdts.	385.39	392.59	333.41	43.4	43.0	42.8	8.88	9.13	7.79
Fabricated Metal Products	365.04	375.61	367.84	36.0	37.3	40.6	10.14	10.07	9.06
Machinery, ex. Electrical	404.84	382.31	413.83	41.1	38.5	41.3	9.85	9.93	10.02
Electric & Electronic Equip.	359.79	368.55	365.12	37.4	37.8	40.3	9.62	9.75	9.06
Transportation Equipment	388.32	367.35	419.98	41.8	39.5	45.7	9.29	9.30	9.19
Nondurable Goods	411.88	406.13	399.52	41.9	41.4	45.4	9.83	9.81	8.80
Food & Kindred Products	270.06	247.25	253.76	42.0	40.8	41.6	6.43	6.06	6.10
Apparel & Other Textile Pdts.	145.52	147.27	186.14	32.7	33.7	43.9	4.45	4.37	4.24
Paper & Allied Products	473.47	485.74	466.75	43.2	43.8	44.2	10.96	11.09	10.56
Printing & Publishing	305.53	307.75	267.34	36.9	36.9	34.1	8.28	8.34	7.84
Chemicals & Allied Pdts.	578.38	583.25	513.04	41.7	41.9	42.4	13.87	13.92	12.10
Petroleum & Coal Products	640.32	593.29	535.92	50.9	46.9	46.2	12.58	12.65	11.60
Petroleum Refining	663.57	606.36	545.16	51.4	46.5	46.2	12.91	13.04	11.80
Mining	498.34	461.47	495.67	46.1	43.7	48.5	10.81	10.56	10.22
Communications & Public Utilities	461.37	451.52	427.68	39.4	39.4	40.5	11.71	11.46	10.56
Banking	221.37	221.56	186.63	38.3	38.6	37.4	5.78	5.74	4.99

(1) Data in the average earnings table are for approximately 143,600 full and part-time workers in manufacturing and 119,200 nonsupervisory employees in communications, public utilities, mining and banking. The averages are computed on a "Gross" basis and reflect over-time, late shift work and incentive rates.

ALEXANDRIA AREA (1)
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Nov. 1982*	Oct. 1982**	Nov. 1981**	Net Change from Oct. 1982	Net Change from Nov. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	54.9	54.8	54.3	+0.1	+0.6
Manufacturing	5.6	5.6	5.6	0	0
Durable Goods	2.9	2.9	3.1	0	-0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	1.0	1.0	1.1	0	-0.1
Other Durable Goods	1.9	1.9	2.0	0	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	2.7	2.7	2.5	0	+0.2
Food & Kindred Products	1.1	1.1	1.1	0	0
Other Nondurable Goods	1.6	1.6	1.4	0	+0.2
Nonmanufacturing	49.3	49.2	48.7	+0.1	+0.6
Contract Construction	3.9	3.9	3.9	0	0
Trans., Comm., & Utilities	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0
Wholesale & Retail Trade	12.2	12.1	12.0	+0.1	+0.2
Wholesale Trade	2.7	2.7	2.8	0	-0.1
Retail Trade	9.5	9.4	9.2	+0.1	+0.3
General Merchandise	2.1	2.0	1.9	+0.1	+0.2
Auto Dlrs. & Svc. Sta.	1.3	1.3	1.3	0	0
Eating & Drinking Places	2.3	2.3	2.2	0	+0.1
Other Retail Trade	3.8	3.8	3.8	0	0
Finance, Ins., & Real Estate	3.0	3.0	2.9	0	+0.1
Services & Mining	11.7	11.7	11.5	0	+0.2
Health Services	5.1	5.1	5.0	0	+0.1
Other Services & Mining	6.6	6.6	6.5	0	+0.1
Total Government	16.1	16.1	16.0	0	+0.1
Federal Government	2.7	2.7	2.7	0	0
State Government	5.9	5.9	5.8	0	+0.1
Local Government	7.5	7.5	7.5	0	0

(1) Geographic coverage of data now published for this area differs from the standard definition. Data also includes Avoyelles Parish.

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL TRENDS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment for the Alexandria Area was estimated at 54,900 in November. This was an increase of 100 over the previous month. The increase was noted in nonmanufacturing, while manufacturing remained unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing employment estimate for November was 100 over the previous month. The major gain was in general merchandise under retail trade. All other segments remained unchanged since last month.

The unemployment rate should rise during the next thirty days as the adverse weather conditions will hamper construction and other outdoor related employment.

BATON ROUGE SMSA
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment
(In Thousands by Industry)

	Nov. 1982*	Oct. 1982**	Nov. 1981**	Net Change from Oct. 1982	Net Change from Nov. 1981
NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARIED WORKERS	208.3	206.6	209.7	+1.7	-1.4
Manufacturing	24.9	24.7	26.6	+0.2	-1.7
Durable Goods	4.7	4.6	5.7	+0.1	-1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	0.5	0.5	0.7	0	-0.2
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	1.0	1.0	1.1	0	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	1.2	1.2	1.4	0	-0.2
Other Durable Goods	2.0	1.9	2.5	+0.1	-0.5
Nondurable Goods	20.2	20.1	20.9	+0.1	-0.7
Food & Kindred Products	2.6	2.5	2.4	+0.1	+0.2
Printing and Publishing	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0
Chemicals and Petroleum Products	14.3	14.3	15.3	0	-1.0
Other Nondurable Goods	1.8	1.8	1.7	0	+0.1
Nonmanufacturing	183.4	181.9	183.1	+1.5	+0.3
Mining	1.3	1.3	1.2	0	+0.1
Construction	19.3	18.9	24.5	+0.4	-5.2
Transportation, and Public Utilities	11.3	11.1	11.3	+0.2	0
Wholesale & Retail Trade	49.0	48.3	47.8	+0.7	+1.2
Wholesale Trade	11.8	11.8	12.5	0	-0.7
Retail Trade	37.2	36.5	35.3	+0.7	+1.9
Finance, Ins. & Real Estate	12.3	12.6	12.4	-0.3	-0.1
Services	38.2	37.8	36.5	+0.4	+1.7
Total Government	52.0	51.9	49.4	+0.1	+2.6

BATON ROUGE SMSA
Average Hours and Earnings in Manufacturing Industries

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**	Nov. '82*	Oct. '82**	Nov. '81**
ALL MANUFACTURING	$481.66	$462.92	$450.24	42.4	40.5	42.0	$11.36	$11.43	$10.72
Petro-Chemicals	$585.61	$606.54	$561.60	43.8	44.5	43.4	$13.37	$13.63	$12.94

Data in the average earnings table are for approximately 16,100 production workers and are computed on a "gross" basis and reflect overtime, late shift work and incentive rates.